





# dura Disc CTM CARE AND MAINTENANCE GUIDE

**duraDisc<sup>™</sup>** is a versatile rehabilitation and training tool. Ideal for physiotherapists, doctors, trainers, coaches, yoga, pilates practitioners and the home exerciser.

Your duraDisc<sup>™</sup> is ready to use. It needs to have a negative pressure in it for maximum benefits. This means the duraDisc<sup>™</sup> should "hollow out" when lying flat.

YOU SHOULD NOT NEED TO ADD AIR FOR NORMAL USE.

**duraDisc<sup>™</sup>** is made of Duralon<sup>™</sup>, which is a form of PVC. It is 33cm across and 6cm deep. It comes in a variety of colours.

duraDisc<sup>™</sup> has a rubber grommet as a valve. When inflating or deflating the duraDisc<sup>™</sup> use a Needle Valve connection.

Do not use Vaseline<sup>™</sup> or any similar type of lubricant as it will corrode the rubber grommet. Be careful not to push the valve through when inserting the pump connection. Any damage to the grommet will void Warranty conditions.

duraDisc™ is ideal....

**as a seat:** Encourages an upright posture.

Strengthens core muscles and assists with

pain relief.

Allows pelvic tilting

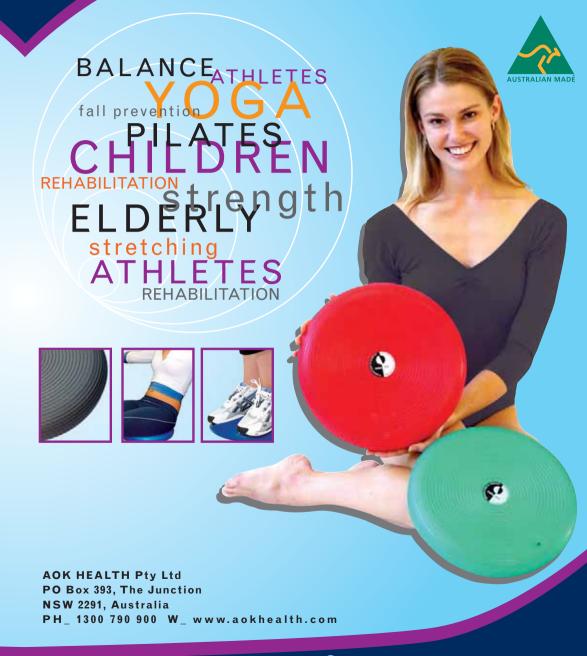
for training: For mobilisation, strengthening,

stabilisation, co-ordination, balance, and

proprioception.

as rehabilitaion: Excellent for improving proprioception and

functional stability and range of motion throughout the entire rehabilitation process.



We have divided these exercises into 4 categories based on stabilisation of the core musculature.





## dura Disc exercises

#### CORE & BACK STRENGTHENING (Segmental)

These work on the muscles around the lumbar spine.



Keep your weight evenly distributed on your feet, Try to stand up straight and tall.



HALF SQUATTING



Keep your weight evenly distributed. Try to be upright and in good posture. Keeping your feet off the floor increases difficulty.



SITTING

surface. Tilt your pelvis forwards. backwards and sideways. Try to keep your shoulders fixed.

Sit on disc on a hard

#### ABS/ (Anterior)

These work the muscles in the front of your trunk.



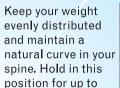
FOUR POINT

KNEELING

Maintain a natural curve in your spine. Lift left arm and right leg. Change.



**PRONE** BRIDGE



Keep your weight

evenly distributed.

Bend at the hips

and knees at the

same rate.

60 seconds.



Sit on the disc. Maintain a natural curve in your spine and lift your feet off the floor.

**BALL ROLI** 

Kneel on the disc. With forearms on the ball, maintain a natural curve in your spine and roll the ball out as far as you can.

#### LOW BACK STRENGTH (Posterior)

These work the muscles in the back of your trunk.

### SPORT & ACTIVITY

(Lateral)

These work on the muscles across the front of the core.



**TRUNK** XTENSION

**NEIGHT SHIFT** 







SUPINE HIP XTENSION



ONE LEG STANDING Keep weight evenly distributed. Use your buttocks to lift your pelvis up so that your knees, hips and shoulders form a straight line.

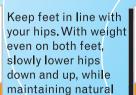
Stand up straight and tall, Keep weight on one foot and maintain natural curves in spine. Hold for up to 60 seconds. then change legs.



SUPINE BRIDGI **FEET ON DISC** 

LUNGE

Keep your weight evenly distributed. Place your head and shoulders on the ball. Hold your body straight for 30 - 60 seconds.



curves in your spine.

These exercises can be made more or less challenging. depending on your level of balance and fitness, eg. close your eyes to force more nervous control.



**PLANK** 

Maintain natural curves in your spine. With weight on one elbow, lift up through your hips so your body forms a straight line.

IMPORTANT: IF YOU LOSE FORM, STOP THE EXERCISE. PRACTICE QUALITY NOT QUANTITY **AOK HEALTH Pty Ltd** PO Box 393, The Junction NSW 2291, Australia PH\_ 1300 790 900 W\_ www.aokhealth.com